that he had exported thousands of them annually, and with that testimony I was able to show that the McKinley bill had not produced the knives, but that we were selling that knife abroad in competition with the pauper labor of the world, while my opponent was claiming that we had to have a high tariff in this country. And every year we have been selling them abroad cheaper than we are selling them here, and today the trusts hide, behind a high traiff wall while they treat foreigners better than they do our own

cheaper than we are selling them here, and today the trusts hide behind a high traiff wall while they treat foreigners better than they do our own citizens.

REFORMING THE SCHEDULES.

Now, that is the situation. How do you think the Republicans will reform the tariff? Why, every time they try to reform a schedule the man behind the schedule will rise up and tell how much he has contributed to the Republican campaign fund, and threaten dire vengeance if they take the tariff off his article; and the result will be that when they get all around they will raise rather than lower it. I never think of the impossibility of the Republican party modifying the tariff, or reforming or reducing it, without thinking of a story that was told years ago to illustrate this same thing. It was told of a man who went into a clothing store and when the merchant wasn't looking he picked up a coat and put it on and ran out with it, and the merchant ran and hollered: "Stop thief!" and he didn't stop, and a policeman yelled "Stop thief!" and he didn't stop, and the policeman pulled out a revolver and said: "Stop, or in the first own say: "Don't shoot here," and the Republican party goes to shoot that tariff some say: "Don't shoot here," and "Mr. Mitchell says." Mr. President you will able by its findings." He asked the mine owners what they would do. They said: "Give us a standing army and government by injunction; that's all we want." And what at of Why, he said, "I'm sorry, but I'l would not have had to be president do? Why, he said, "I'm sorry, but I'l would not have had to be president do? Why, he said, "I'm sorry, but I'l was a lid of? Mr. And what are they had to the Republican party modifying the tariff, or reforming or reducing it, without if they didn't settle that strike within twenty-four hours he would call congress to destroy that strike and sottle it. They sak what could have told those men that if they didn't settle that strike within twenty-four hours he withing the dot. He could have told those men that if they didn't liceman yelled "Stop thief!" and he didn't stop, and the policeman pulled out a revolver and said: "Stop, or I'll shoot," and the merchant grabbed his arm and said: "Mr. Policeman, if you do shoot, shoot him in the pants; the coat belongs to me." (Great applause and laughter.) The trouble is, when the Republican party goes to shoot that tariff some say: "Don't shoot here." tariff some say: "Don't shoot here," and "Don't shoot there," and the trouble is they don't shoot at all. But,

the Republican party goes to shoot that tariff some say: "Don't shoot here," and "Don't shoot here," and the trouble is they don't shoot at all. But, my friends, you need not worry; he hasn't anything on that belongs to you.

REPUBLICANS AND TRUSTS.

Neither can the Republican party be relied upon to destroy the trusts. It has been there six years, and has not passed a single law. I want to ask the Republicans, if I had been elected in 1896 instead of your president, and I had allowed four years to pass by without enforcing the law, and without the passage of a new one, would you not have denounced me for my failure to protect your interests? Then why do you defend your own administration, when it has allowed not only four years, but six years, to pass, without doing anything? I want to repeat that the Republican party has not passed a single law. Two years ago it made an effort to amend the constitution, and the Democrats opposed it. Why? Recause the amendment, and the Republican party has not passed a single law. Two years ago it made an effort to amend the purpose of that amendment, read the speech made by Senator Quaries of Wisconsin within a week, and you will find that they defended the amendment, not on the ground that you need ed it to destroy the trusts, but because under present laws the corporations engaged in interstate commerce were embarrassed by state laws, and impeded in the prosecution of their business. They wanted the amendment to the constitution to enable them to organize great national corporations engaged in interstate commerce were embarrassed by state laws, and impeded in the prosecution of their business. They wanted the amendment to the constitution to enable them to organize great national corporations that would override state laws, and then trespass upon the rights of the people of the states, who would be powerless to resist them, and the Democrats opposed the amendment.

And then the Republicans came in and proposed a law and the Parwerters of the constitution of an order that th bave denounced me for my failure to protect your interests? Then why do you defend your own administration, when it has allowed not only four years, but six years, to pass, without doing anything? I want to repeat that the Republican party has not passed a single law. Two years ago it made an effort to amend the constitution, and the Democrats opposed it, Why? Recause the amendment was not intended to give congress the power it needed, but to take from the people of the states the power that they now have; and if you demand the purpose of that amendment, read the speech made by Senator Quarles of Wisconsin within a week, and you will ind that they defended the amendment, not on the ground that you needed it to destroy the trusts, but because under present laws the corporations engaged in interstate commerce were embarrassed by state laws, and impeded in the prosecution of their business. They wanted the amendment to the constitution to enable them to organize great national corporations that would overrifee state laws, and then peeded in the prosecution of their business. They wanted the amendment to the constitution to enable them to organize great national corporations that would overrifee state laws, and then been constitution to enable them to organize great national corporations that would overrifee state laws, and then been constitution to enable them to organize great national corporations that would overrifee state laws, and then been constitution to enable them to organize great national corporations that would overrifee state laws, and then been constitution to enable them to organize great national corporations that would overrifee state laws, and then been considered to the states, who would be powerless to resist them, and the prosecution of the proposed the amendment.

And then the Republicans came in an and proposed a law and the Democrats voted for it, and it was passed almost without oppositions were appeared to the proposed to the

COAL STRIKE SETTLEMENT.

Over in Lows. the speaker decided that cause they would last tariff in his district, and both of them things came and the proper all lowes before and the state of them things came and the proper all lowes before and the state of them things came and the proper all lowes before and the state of the state

THE DOWNS DECISION.

And yet, my friends, I feel that I would not be doing justice to the occasion to-night if I did not dwell for a moment on what I believe to be the greatest ques-tion that has ever come before this na-tion. I believe imperialism reaches furnight if I did not dwell for a moment on what I believe to be the greatest question that has ever come before this nation. I believe imperialism reaches further and deeper than any other question with which we have ever had to deal, and I have been surprised at the decision method a unanimous protest from the Republicans. Have you read that decision, my Republican friends? The United States court, by a majority of one, declares that this nation can deal with subjects in Porto Rico exactly as George III dealt with the American colonists prior to the revolution. According to that decision, we can tax those people without representation; we can govern them without the consent of the governed. According to that decision, we can throw the net of our sovereignty over a distant people, draw them under our flag, and then give them, not our government, nor such as they want, nor such as we would have, but such a government as we think it is good for us that they should have, and then we can call it a good, government, and if they don't like it, we can shoot them until they do like it. That is inperialism. That is the doctrine that they move advance, and they build this nation upon a foundation of force, the foundation upon which the empires of the old world rest, the foundation upon which the solid world rest, the foundation upon which the solid world rest, the foundation upon which they until this question to you in two Interrogatories: Do you believe in constitutional liberty? Do you want constitutional government? Do you need a constitution for yourself? I know you will say yes, and if you do, then I want to ask you: If you need a constitution to protect you from a congress which they cannot elect and cannot remove? You tell me that I am protesting in the name of the Filipino has no need for a constitution him now, they can take it from him now, they can take it from me hereafter; and if I am silent now I must be silent then. Therefore, I protest now in my own name, and in the name of my children, whose guardian I am

EXCUSES FOR IMPERIALISM.

pride of country will believe that any country will make more progress than we do in the art of self-government, and unless the Flipinos go faster than we do, the government must progress all the time.

do in the art of self-government, and unless the Filipinos go faster than we do, the government must progress all the time.

And then there are some who say that it is God's work. They lay it on to the Almighty, just as the Republicans lay a bad crop on to the Democrats. Now, if anything good is to come out of the Filipino question, the Republicans claim credit for it, and they blame the Lord for all the problems that are in it. One senator said, "God opened the door and pushed us in, and shut it and left us there, and there we are." How did he know? Did he get it from the Bible? No. By special revelation? Well, if he will tell me the time and place I will prove an allbi for Jehovah, and prove that it was Satan himself who was there. (Great applause and laughter.)

I have had Republicans tell me that they can find authority for it in the Old Testament; that the children of Israel went in and killed people and took their land from them. If any Republican thinks that that is an authority I wish he would read it again, and he will find that whenever the children of Israel went in and killed the people and took the land, they stayed on the land. There is not an instance of where they sent a carpetbag government to rule them while they stayed somewhere else. Then, if you Republicans want to carry out the policy of the children of Israel, if you will only go there and kill them, and go there and take their land and stay there, I will forgive you for being imperialists; but don't you come back and try to run this country. (Great applause and laughter.)

My friends, it seems to me that this great question reaches deeper than our principles of government; that it reaches even to the foundations of our religious faith; and that as we decide whether it will illustrate the puritying power of a holy example. I want this nation to preach in all the lands of the earth the doctrine of our government: It is the bortherhood of man; it is the inalienable right of the individual; and it is a government esting upon the consent of t

HAULING DOWN FLAG.

control of their own forces.

HAULING DOWN FLAG.

It was my good fortune to be in Cuba when the formal transfer took place, and I was never more proud of my nation in my life than I was when this great republic rose superior to its great temptation, recognized the inalienable rights of the people of Cuba, and gave to them the victory for which they had sacrificed for the people of Cuba, and gave to them the victory for which they had sacrificed for more than a generation. Tell me we cannot haul down the flag? I know tit can be done, for they did haul our flag down in Cuba, and raised in its place the flag of the Cuban republic. But there was no humiliation in it, for when we hauled our flag down we raised it shigher, and when we brought it away we left it enshrined in the hearts of the people. On the night of the 20th of May I stood on a high bluff and watched the fireworks on Morro Castle and Cabanis, and they told me that when they hauled down the stars and stripes from Morro Castle—that grim fortress that had been the scene of so much bloodshed and misery—that the Cuban soldiers ran forward and caught it up, and said that it must not be allowed to touch the ground, and they pressed it to their hearts and kissed it, for they had learned to love that flag. I want it to be loved by every human being; I want them to bow their faces before it, and thank God that there is one flag that stands for human rights.

Republicans, you talk about a great army and a great natvy, and we are today appropriating nearly forty times as much for our army and navy as we are for the departments—of agriculture, We go beyond you in desiring that this shall be a great nation. You want it to be a great physical force; we want its moral grandeur to strace the admiration of the world. Republicans, these were your ideals in the earlier days. Why do you cast them aside now?

I go litto a community and I find a great provide the patriarch among the normal rights.

I go litto a community and I find a gray had a great nation of the proverb t

dren of God."

SET EXAMPLE TO THE WORLD.

This, my friends, is our ideal of a great nation. We want this nation to set before the world such an example as the world has never known before. We want this nation to lead the world in its search for better things, and the reason I hate imperialism is, not that it kills Filiphos, but that it puts out our light, and when our light is gone, to what nation can struggling humanity look, in its struggle for better things?

I beg you, my friends, to take these questions and study them, and you will find that the Republican party is enthroning Mammon and debasing mankind. It is setting up al false standard in this nation. It is measuring people by the size of the pocketbook and not by the size of the heart and the quality of the brain. You dare not set these examples before your children. It is hard enough to teach them to do right when you set high ideals before them, and if you allow money to control your policies, if money shall answer for all things, and if no man can aspire to office unless he has money and corporations behind him, you disfranchies your children and your children. You dare not do it!

I beg you, my friends, to take these questions and study them, and when you have studied them I believe that you will agree with me, that it is your privilige and your duty to return to the senate that valiant champion of the people's rights, Joseph L. Rawlins, who has been guarding your interests all these years, and to send with him that royal man whose name is King, but who hates a monarchy and whose sympathies are with the common people, and give us this state by a majority so large that it will teach the world that in every contest between human rights and inhuman greed, Utah is on the side of the man. (Long and continued appleuse.)

Cupid's Real Estate.

(Puck.)
For sale—A lot in Betty's heart, But recently vacated:
(The former owner having been
By Dun too poorly rated).
Location fine, adjoining lots
All owned by persons wealthy;
Exposure northern; not too cold
For incomes strong and healthy.

For sale—A lot in Betty's heart,
Most carefully restricted;
(The former owner tried to build
From plans that much conflicted!)
A bargain most unusual;
All millionaires or other
Prospective nurchasers apply Prospective purchasers apply To Betty or her mother.

W. E. Smedley, Alan Wakeling. P. O. Box 1677 Telephone 805-4 Rings.

W. E. SMEDLEY & CO. INSURANCE

Office 142 Main Street (Upstairs). Representing the Following Well Known

•	Companies.
ã	Commercial Union Assurance
ā	Co. of London
8	London Assurance Corporation 20,000,00
ŧ	Phoenix Assurance 72. of Lon-
ð	don \$15,000.00 Manchester Insurance Co. of
ŝ	Manchester Insurance Co. of
ą	England \$10,000,00
ğ	American, Philadelphia \$ 2,500,00
9	New York Underwriters'\$12,259,00
Ħ	Providence, Washington\$ 2,500.60
9	Losses paid through this ager
и	avacad 6500 000

Delinquent Notice.

THE BLUE EAGLE MINING COMpany of Sevier county, Utah, Notice.—
There are delinquent upon the following described stock on account of assessment levied on the 18th day of August, 1902, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Amt. of No.

No.

Cert. Name.

3 T. G. Wimmer.

10 000 \$ 500.00

the respective shareholders, as f A No. rt. Name. Shares. T. G. Wimmer. 10,000 T. G. Wimmer 5,000 W. A. Miles 25,000 W. A. Miles 25,000 F. Christenson 5,000 F. Christenson 2,500 F. Christenson 1,000 G. H. Anderson 10,000 C. H. McMahon 5,000 G. Hemenway 5,000 O. Hemenway 5,000 James Lewis 5,000 and in accordance with the law

19 C. H. McMahon 5,000 250,00 21 H. C. Edwards 5,000 250,00 220,00 220 O. Hemenway 5,000 250,00 250,00 24 James Lewis 5,000 250,00 250,00 24 James Lewis 5,000 250,

Assessment No. 11.

THE MARTHA WASHINGTON MINing company. Principal place of business,
Salt Lake City, Utah. Location of mines,
Tintic mining district.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the board of directors of the Martha Washington Mining company, held
on the 27th day of September, 1902, assessment No. 11 of two (2) cents per
share was levied upon the capital stock
of the corporation issued and outstanding, payable immediately to the secretary
at his office, room 419 D. F. Walker
building, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Any stock upon which this assessment
may remain unpaid on Monday, the 27th
day of October, 1902, will be delinquent
and advertised for sale at public auction,
and unless payment is made before, will
be sold on Monday, the 17th day of November, 1902, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the
secretary's office, to pay the delinquent
assessment thereon, together with the
costs of advertising and expense of sale.
ALVIRAS E. SNOW,
First publication, Sept. 28th, 1902.

First publication, Sept. 28th, 1902.

Delinquent Notice.

DIAMOND CONSOLIDATED MINING company. Office and principal place of business, Sait Lake City. Location of mines, Diamond, Utah.

Notice.—There are delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of assessment No. 3, levied on the 13th day of September, 1962, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

No. No.

No. No.

Name.

Cert. Shares. Amt.

190 100 155 50 1,000 1,0 that it can be seen around the world. Republicans, these were your ideals in the earlier days. Why do you cast them aside now?

I go into a community and I find a gray-haired patriarch. When people fall out they take their quarrels before him for settlement, and when I find such a one I am reminded of the proverb that "A good name is rather to be chosen than great riches." I want this nation to be the patriarch among the nations. I want it to be so just and upright that when nations fall out instead of calling out armies they will say "Leave it to the United States. There is a nation that will do justice between man and man, between nation and nation." I want this nation's reputation for good works to encircle the globe. I want it to be the great moral factor in the world's progress, the accepted arbiter of the world's progress, the accep

First publication October 18, 1902.

Assessment No. 8.

NORTHERN LIGHT MINING & Milling company.—Principal office, room 469 McCornick building, Sait Lake City, Utah. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the board of directors of the Northern Light Mining & Milling company, held on the 14th day of October. 1902. an assessment of two (2) cents per share was levied and assessed upon the capital stock of said corporation, payable forthwith to G. E. Airis, the secretary of said company, at room 409 McCornick building. Sait Lake City, Utah. Any stock upon which assessment may remain unnaid on the 20th day of November, 1902, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before. So many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold on the 11th day of December, 1902, at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, to pay the delinquent assessment thereon, together with cost of advertising and expenses of sale.

G. E. AIRIS, Secretary Northern Light Mining & Milling Company. Room 409 McCornick Building, Salt Lake City, Utah. Assessment No. 8.

Notice of Special Tax.

Notice of Special Tax.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given that a special tax for the purpose of extending the water mains on Third North street, between Alma avenue and Seventh West streets. has been levied and confirmed by ordinances of the city council, approved Sept, 16 and Oct. 7, 1902, respectively.

Said special tax is levied upon the following described real property in Salt Lake City, to-wit: All of lots 27 to 52, inclusive, block 1. University subdivision; all of lots 27 and 28. block 1, Lataston Park subdivision; all of lots 1 and 2, block 81, plat "C," and all of lots 1 and 2, block 81, plat "C," and all of lots 1 to 25, inclusive; block 1, Lynch & Glassman's subdivision; all in Salt Lake City survey, to a depth of twenty-five feet back from said Third North street; and is due and payable now, and will become delinquent on the 6th day of December, 1902.

All special taxes are payable at my office, room 102, city and county building, Salt Lake City.

RICHARD P. MORRIS. Salt Lake City.

RICHARD P. MORRIS,

City Treasurer and Special Tax Col-

Salt Lake City, Oct. 16, 1902. Water Main Extension No. 47.

Notice of Special Tax.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given that a special tax for the purpose of constructing a sewer on the west side of Fourth East street, from Third South street, one-half block north, in sewer district No. 1, has been levled and confirmed by ordinances of the city council, approved Sept. 16 and Oct. 7, 1902, respectively.

Said special tax is levied upon the following described real property in Salt Lake City, to-wit: The north 305 fact of lot 1, block 49, plat "B," Salt Lake City, to-wit: The north 305 fact of lot 1, block 49, plat "B," Salt Lake City survey, for a depth of twenty-five feet back from said Fourth East street; and is due and payable now, and will become delinquent on the 6th day of December, 1992.

All special taxes are payable at my office, room 102, city and county building, Salt Lake City.

RICHARD P, MORRIS.

City Treasurer and Special Tax Collector.

Salt Lake City, Oct. 15, 1902. Notice of Special Tax.

Salt Lake City. Oct. 16, 1902, Sewer Extension No. 109.

PATENTS GUARANTEED Our fee recurned if we fail. Any one sending

sketch and description of any invention will promptly receive our opinion free concerning the patentability of same. "How to Obtain a Patent sent upon request. Patents (seared through us advertised for sale at our expense. Patents taken out through us recover special motice, without charge, in Tan Farant Escoan, an illustrated and widely circulated journal, consulted by Meanfacturers and investors. Send for sample copy FREE. Address.

VICTOR J. EVANS & CO. (Patent Attoracys,) Evans Building, WASHINGTON, S. C.

Delinquent Notice.

WEDGE EXTENSION MINING COMpany. Office and place of business, Sait Lake City, Utah. Location of mines, Marysvale, Plute county, Ohio mining district. Notice.—There are delinquent upon the following described stock. On account of assessment No. 2, levied on the 10th day of September, 1902, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows: No.

Cest. Name. Shares Amt.

Name.
R. Jones
R. Jones
R. Jones
R. Jones
R. Jones
P. E. R. Cox
S. P. Snow
S. P. Snow
Cox & Snow
J. S. Noble
J. S. Noble
E. A. Jewett
E. A. Jewett
W. P. Hart
F. W. Little
J. H. McCoy
E. F. Bratz
A. J. Webber
A. J. Webber
A. J. Webber
A. J. Webber
Bernard Plant
Max Weil
S. C. Slaughter
Esler Price
Antonetta Brown

Dalton, trustee. Dalton Worrell

Culbertson
Culbertson
Culbertson
Culbertson
Culbertson

corporation to be holders.

Dated this 16th day of October 1902.

W. L. CULBERTSON,
LARS H. OUTZEN,
E. E. HOFFMANN,
R. E. COBURN,
J. N. POWERS,
Stockholders of Said Corporation.

L. Sands L. Sands

SIXTH Commencing at the northeast corner at lot three (3), block eight (8), plat (3). Salt Lake City survey, and running thence south one hundred fifteen one-bai (115½) feet, thence west forty-one and one-haif (14½) feet, thence north as hundred fifteen one-haif (115½) feet, thence east forty-one one-haif (115½) feet, thence east forty-one one-haif (115½) feet, thence east forty-one one-haif (115½) feet, thence of beginning, together with the place of beginning, together with a perpetual right of way over the lowing ground: Commencing three or rods north from the southwest corner as aid lot, and running thence east ten (6) rods, thence south three (3) rods, thence west one quarter (31½) feet, thence north forty-one and one-haif (11½) feet, thence west one hundred the type-thence north eight (8) feet to the place of beginning. of beginning. SEVENTH.

SEVENTH.

Commencing at a point eight (8) rots east of the southwest corner of lot two (2), block eighty-five (85), piat "A," Sat Lake City survey, and running theme east four and one-half (4½) rods, theme north ten (10) rods, thence west four and one-half (4½) rods, thence south ten (il) rods to the place of beginning. EIGHTH.

The Estate of W. D. Palmer, Di-

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ceased.

FIRST.

THIRD

Commencing two (2) rods west of southeast corner of lot three (5), it twenty-nine (29), plat "F," Sail Lake survey, and running thence west six (56) feet, thence north one had and thirty-two (122) (cet, thence fifty-six (56) feet, thence south one dred thirty-two (122) feet to the pla beginning.

following description Salt Lake separate parcels, to-

the two houses no West Fourth South along the center o rods, more or less, said lot, thence we line forty-one and other than the said to t

commencing sever rods east from the lot two (2), block to "A." Salt Lake City thence cast two and thence north eight two and one-half (2 eight (8) rods to the

Commencing two hundred seven and one-half (27%) fee twenty-five (25) feet east of t corner of lot seven (7). block plat "B." Sait Lake City running thence south twenty half (25%) feet, thence cast forty (140) feet, thence nort and one-half (25%) feet, the hundred forty (140) feet to beginning, also right of w following ground: Commen northeast corner of the aboremises and running thence two and one-half (25%) feet, ten (10) feet, thence east thirty (120) feet, thence conducted in the conducted of the place of the cast of the cas

FIFTH.

of beginning.

All of lot seven (7), block fifteen (5), Five-acre plat "A," Big Field survey, NINTH.

NINTH.

Commencing at the southwest come of lot three (3), block forty-two (42), play. "B." Salt Lake City survey, and running thence east twenty (20) rods, thence north fifty-four (54) feet, thence west twenty (20) rods, thence south fifty-four (54) feet to the place of beginning. Also five (5) feet in width north and south, and twenty (20) rods long east and west, lying on the north side of, and adjoining to, the fifty-four (54) feet above described.

TENTH.

Commencing at the southwest corner of lot two (2), block sixteen (16), plat "B." Sait Lake City survey, and running thence north four (4) rods, thence sais seven and one-half (7½) rods, thence south four (4) rods, thence west seven and one-half (7½) rods to the place of beginning.

Commencing at a point two and one-half (2½) rods east of the northwest corner of lot three (3), block eight (8), plat "G." Salt Lake City survey, and running thence east two and one-half (3½) rods, thence west two and one-half (3½) rods, thence north seven (7) rods to the place of benoth the seven (7) rods to the place of benoth the seven (7) rods to the place of benoth the seven (8) rods to the place of benoth the seven (8) rods to the place of benoth the seven (9) rods to the place of benoth the seven (10) rods to the place of benoth the seven (11) rods to the place of benoth the seven (12) rods to the place of benoth the seven (13) rods to the place of benoth the seven (14) rods to the place of benoth the seven (15) rods to the seven (15) rod plat "G," Salt Lake City survey, and running thence east ten (10) rods, thense south three (3) rods, thence west (wo and one-half (2½) rods, thence north forty-one and one-half (4½) feet, thence west seven and one-half (½) rods, thence north eight (8) feet to the place of beginning.

north eight (8) feet to the place of be ginning.
Said sale will be made on or after Salurday, the 8th day of November, 197, and written bids will be received on a before that day at the office of said administrator, at No. 251 South Main street, Sait Lake City, Utah. Terms of saic cash, and sales to be made subject to confirmation by said court.

Administrator of the Estate of W. D. Palmer, Deceased.

Palmer, Deceased, Dated Oct. 20, 1902. Stephens & Smith, attorneys for the administrator.

Delinquent Notice.

WEST MORNING GLORY MINING company. Office and principal place of business. Salt Lake City, Utah. Loss tion of mines. Diamond. Utah. Notice—There are delinquent upon the following described stock. on account of assessment No. 13. levied on the lith day of September, 1992, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

No. No.

244 J. W. Foote 1.000 5 00
245 J. W. Foote 1.000 5 00
246 F. B. McCracken 2.000 10 00
247 F. B. McCracken 2.000 10 00
248 F. B. McCracken 3.000 15 00
251 Harry Ganze 1.000 5 00
252 Harry Ganze 2.000 10 00
256 B. B. Best 5.000 25 00
257 S. B. Best 5.000 25 00
258 W. L. Culbertson 60,000 200 00
250 R. E. Coburn 25,000 125 00
251 R. E. Coburn 25,000 125 00
252 R. E. Coburn 25,000 125 00
253 R. E. Coburn 25,000 125 00
254 R. E. Coburn 25,000 125 00
255 R. E. Coburn 25,000 125 00
256 R. E. Coburn 25,000 125 00
257 R. E. Coburn 25,000 125 00
258 R. E. Coburn 25,000 125 00
259 R. E. Coburn 25,000 125 00
250 R. E. Coburn 25,000 125 00
251 R. E. Coburn 25,000 125 00
251 R. E. Coburn 25,000 125 00
251 R. E. Coburn 25,000 125 00
252 R. E. Coburn 25,000 125 00
253 R. E. Coburn 25,000 125 00
254 R. E. WORRELL. Secretary 264
255 00 125 00 125 00
256 R. E. WORRELL. Secretary 256
257 R. E. WORRELL. Secretary 256
258 R. E. WORRELL. Secretary 257
258 125 00 125 0 Name. Cert.
John Allen Sot
Barnett & Langley 846
Jas. M. Campbell 554
Geo. W. Craven 217
L. E. Camomile 1.035
B. F. Caffey 1.038
W. H. Cromer 1.139
Cole-Marix Co. 613
D. A. Depue 517
T. Davis 1.055
R. J. Evans 540
Miss Maud Fields 737
J. J. Goodro 1.206
F. D. Higginboth
am, 17 1.200 NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF the stockholders of the Wedge Extension Gold Mining company, a corporation of Utah, with its principal place of business at Sait Lake City, Utah.

Whereas, The undersigned are stockholders of the Wedge Extension Gold Mining company, a corporation of Utah, with its principal place of business at Sait Lake City, Sait Lake county, Utah; and with its principal place of business at Salt Lake City, Salt Lake county, Utah; and
Whereas, The regular meeting of the stockholders for the election of officers should have been held on the second Monday of June, 1901, but was not held on said day; and
Whereas, As no stockholders' meeting, either general or special, of said corporation for the election of officers has been held since the said second Monday of June, 1901; and
Whereas, The directors of said corporation have falled and neglected to call a special meeting of the stockholders of said corporation, for the election of officers thereof, for a period of more than three months after the regular time for such election.
Now, therefore, the undersigned stockholders, who are the owners of 300,000 shares of the capital stock of said corporation, which stands in their own name on the books of the said corporation, hereby give notice that a special stockholders' meeting of the said wedge Extension Gold Mining company, a Utah corporation, is called and will be held at the office of said corporation, at rooms 27 and 285 D. F. Walker block, Sait Lake City, Utah, on the 7th day of November, 1902, at 12 o'clock m. of said day, for the purpose of electing a board of directors and such other officers as are required by the articles of incorporation of said corporation to be elected by the stockholders.

of the board of directors 13th day of September. If shares of each parcel of may be necessary, will be auction at the office of the roem 30s Dooly block. Sai Utah, on Saturday, the is vember. 1902, at 11 o'clock the delinauent assessment gether with the costs of acceptage of sale. First publication Oct. 17, 1902

Diamond Consolidated Mining Com-

Diamond Consolidated Mining Consolidated Mining Company.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Diamond Consolidated Mining company, for the election of officers and for the transaction of any such other business as shall lawfully come before it, will be held at the office of the company, room 306 Doly block, Salt Lake City, Utah, on Monday, November 3d, 1962, at 1 o'clock p. m. Secretary Diamond Consolidated Mining Company.

Company. First publication October 4, 1902.